

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Company and Product Identification

Identification – Product Name: 1.1

Vitec® 3000 NSF

Other means of identification 1.2

Synonym:

Organo-phosphorous compounds Mixture, none

Recommended Use of the

Reverse osmosis membrane antiscalant Use only as directed on the label.

Chemical and Restrictions on 1.3

Use:

AVISTA TECHNOLOGIES

Name, Address, and Telephone Number of the

140 Bosstick Street San Marcos, CA 92069

Manufacturer, or Other Responsible Party:

(760) 744-0536

Competent Person email

24 Hour Emergency No.:

klindsey@avistatech.com

address

1-703 527-3887 (International Collect)

1-800-424-9300 (United States)



1.4

1.5

CERTIFIED BY NSF INTERNATIONAL TO NSF/ANSI 60 AS STANDARD DRINKING WATER TREATMENT CHEMICAL FOR USE IN REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS AT A MAXIMUM LEVEL OF 7 mg/l.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: This product is a clear, amber liquid. This product may irritate contaminated tissue. This product is neither reactive nor flammable.

Physical Hazards Summary

None

Potential Health Hazards Summary

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Potential Ecological Effects Summary

None

2.1 Classification of Product

U.S. OSHA classification

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Classification as per EC 1272/2008

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

(CLP/GHS)

WHMIS classification

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Hazardous Materials Information System (HMIS) Rating

Health	2
Flammability	0
Physical Hazard	0
Protective Equipment	C

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2.2 Label Elements OSHA/GHS

General Warnings P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use

Signal Word WARNING

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation
H 319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use personal protective equipment as required.

P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if

P302/P352 you feel unwell.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P305 + P351 P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

Hazard pictograms



2.3 Unclassified Hazards None2.4 Ingredients with unknown acute None

toxicity

3. COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	% w/w	US OSHA	GHS/EU CLP	WHMIS
CAS#				
EINECS # Deflocculant & Sequestrant	20-30	Skin	Skin corrosion/irritation.	Skin
Deflocculant & Sequestrant Proprietary Proprietary	20-30	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation H335 May cause respiratory irritation P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation H335 May cause respiratory irritation P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue	corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation H335 May cause respiratory irritation P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
		for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	rinsing. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food,
		Keep out of reach of children.	stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact with	drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact

		Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label	eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label	with eyes. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label
Chelate Agent Proprietary Proprietary	10-20	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label
Water or other chemicals do not contribute to any additional hazards of this product	balance	N/A	N/A	N/A
PRODUCT PRODUCT	100	S	 	gory 2

NE = Not Established. C = Ceiling Limit. See Section 16 for Definitions of Terms Used.

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4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of Necessary Measures

Skin exposure: If this product contaminates the skin, immediately begin decontamination with

running water. Remove exposed or contaminated clothing, taking care not to contaminate eyes. Victim should seek immediate medical attention if any

adverse exposure symptoms develop.

Eye exposure: If this product enters the eyes, open victim's eyes while under gently running

water. Use sufficient force to open eyelids. Have victim "roll" eyes. Minimum

flushing is for 15 minutes. Victim must seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If vapors, mists, or sprays of this product are inhaled, remove victim to fresh

air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions. Remove

or cover gross contamination to avoid exposure to rescuers.

Ingestion: If this product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL

CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim rinse mouth with water, if conscious. Never induce vomiting or give a diluent (e.g., water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or unable to swallow. If contaminated individual is convulsing,

maintain an open airway and obtain immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms/Effects: Immediate: Inhalation exposure may cause coughing or sneezing. Symptoms

of skin and eye contact may include redness and irritation. Ingestion may cause

stomach pains, cramps, and gastritis.

TARGET ORGANS: Acute: Skin, eyes.

Delayed: Prolonged or repeated skin overexposure to this product may cause dermatitis (dry, red skin). Symptoms may include tingling, redness, and visible

injury.

4.3 Indication Of Immediate Medical

Attention And Special Treatment Needed,

If Necessary:

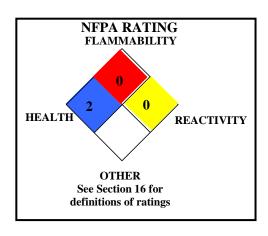
Victims of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention if any adverse effects occur. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of label and SDS to physician or health professional with victim.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Non-flammable solution

aqueous



Chronic: Skin.

Flash Point °C: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature °C: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits (in air by volume, %):

Upper: Not applicable. Lower: Not applicable.

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5.1 Suitable and Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

This material will not contribute to the intensity of a fire. Use extinguishing material suitable to the surrounding fire.

Water spray YES Carbon dioxide YES Foam YES Dry chemical YES Halon YES Other YES

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from Chemical:

When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating fumes and toxic gases (e.g., carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and phosphorous

oxides).

<u>Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</u>: Not sensitive. <u>Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge</u>: Not sensitive.

5.3 Special Protective Equipment and Precautions For Fire-Fighters:

Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural firefighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. If possible, prevent runoff water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions

Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using preplanned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. In case of a spill, clear the affected area and protect people.

Protective equipment

For small releases (< 5 gallons), clean up spilled liquid wearing gloves, goggles, faceshield, and suitable body protection. The minimum Personal Protective Equipment recommended for response to non-incidental releases (more than 5 gallons) should be Level C: triple-gloves (neoprene gloves and nitrile gloves over latex gloves), chemical resistant suit and boots, hard hat, and full-face respirator with HEPA filter.

Emergency procedures

Monitoring must indicate that exposure levels are below those provided in Section 8 (Exposure Controls-Personal Protection) and that oxygen levels are above 19.5% before anyone is permitted in the area without Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.

6.2 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Soak up or wet vacuum spilled liquid. Neutralize residue with sodium bicarbonate or other neutralizing agent for dilute acids. Decontaminate the area thoroughly. Test area with litmus paper to ensure neutralization. Place all spill residues in a suitable container. Dispose of in accordance with applicable U.S. Federal, State, or local procedures, or appropriate local standards (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations).

7. HANDLING and STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

All employees who handle this material should be trained to handle it safely. Open containers carefully on a stable surface. Empty containers may contain residual liquid; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care.

As with all chemicals, avoid getting this product ON YOU or IN YOU. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Do not eat or drink while handling this material. Avoid generating mists and sprays of this product. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

During equipment maintenance follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) to decontaminate equipment or clean-up small spills. Make certain that application equipment is locked and tagged-out safely if necessary. Collect all rinsates and dispose of according to applicable U.S. Federal, State, or local procedures or appropriate local standards.

7.2 Conditions For Safe Storage

Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Store away from incompatible materials. Material should be stored in secondary containers, or in a diked area, as appropriate. Storage and use areas should be covered with impervious materials. Keep container tightly closed when not in

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Incompatibilities Strong bases, strong oxidizers, very strong acids, water reactive materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#		Е	XPOSURE I	LIMITS IN A	AIR	
		AC	GIH-TLV		OSHA-PEL	4	
		TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	IDLH	OTHE
		_	_	_	_	_	R
		mg/m ³					
Deflocculant & Sequestrant	Proprietary	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
Chelate agent	Proprietary	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
NE = Not Established. C = Ceiling Limit. Se	efinitions of Ter	ms Used.			•		

8.2 Appropriate Engineering Controls. Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the

limits provided in this Section or as low as reasonably practical. Ensure eyewash/safety shower stations are available near areas where this product is

used.

8.3 Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory protection:

None needed under normal conditions of use. Use NIOSH approved respirators if ventilation is inadequate to control mists or vapor. If respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), applicable U.S. State regulations, or the applicable local standards. Oxygen levels below 19.5% are considered IDLH by OSHA. In such atmospheres, use of a full-face piece pressure/demand SCBA or a full-face piece, supplied air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply is required under OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (1910.134-1998).

Eye protection: Use approved safety goggles or safety glasses, as described in OSHA 29 CFR

1910.133. Splash goggles with a faceshield may be needed if splash hazards

exist.

Hand protection: Wear chemical impervious gloves (e.g., Neoprene or Nitrile).

Body protection: If needed, use body protection appropriate for task (e.g., Tyvek suit, rubber apron)

to protect from splashes and sprays.

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance This product is a clear, amber liquid.

Odor Light disinfectant odor Odor Threshold N/A
Melting Point °C Similar to water pH 10.7-11.8
Initial Boiling Point °C 100 Boiling Point Range °C N/A

Flammability Non-flammable Evaporation Rate (water Similar to water

= 1)

Vapor Density (air = 1) Similar to water Vapor Pressure mm Hg 18

@ 20°C:

Solubility (in water) Soluble Relative density (water = 1.2–1.3

1)

Viscosity Similar to water Oil-Water Partition N/A

Coefficient

Decomposition Temperature N/A

How To Detect This Substance The color and odor may act as warning properties associated with this product.

(Warning Properties):

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10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

10.1	Reactivity	Not considered reactive.

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
 10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid mixing with incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible Materials Strong bases, strong oxidizers, very strong acids, water reactive materials.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition of this product may generate carbon monoxide, carbon

dioxide, and phosphorus oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Toxicity data for	Oral I Day mada	Dermal	Inhalation
hazardous ingredients	Oral LD ₅₀ mg/kg	LD ₅₀ mg/kg	LD ₅₀ mg/kg
Deflocculant & Sequestrant	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chelate agent	LD ₅₀ (Oral-Rat) 2100 mg/kg	Standard Draize Test (Skin-	
	LD_{50} (Skin-Rabbit) > 6310 mg/kg	Rabbit) 500 mg/24 hours	
	LD_{50} (Oral-Quail) > 2510 mg/kg	Standard Draize Test (Eye- Rabbit) 100 mg: Moderate	
	LD ₅₀ (Oral-Duck) > 2510 mg/kg	Kaboit) 100 mg. Woderate	
	TDLo (Oral-Rat) 1302 mg/kg/31 days- intermittent: Kidney, Urethra, Bladder: other changes in urine composition; Nutritional and Gross Metabolic: weight loss or decreased weight gain, changes in sodium.		N/A

Potential routes of exposure Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact

Potential effects of acute over- Inhalation exposure may cause tingling, coughing, sneezing, and difficulty breathing.

exposure Symptoms of skin and eye contact may include redness and irritation. Ingestion may

cause stomach pains, cramps, and gastritis.

Potential effects of chronic over- Prolonged or repeated skin overexposure to this product may cause dermatitis (dry, red

exposure skin). Symptoms may include tingling, redness, and visible injury.

Symptoms of over-exposure Immediate: Inhalation exposure may cause tingling, coughing, sneezing, and difficulty

breathing. Symptoms of skin and eye contact may include redness and irritation.

Ingestion may cause stomach pains, cramps, and gastritis.

Delayed: Prolonged or repeated skin overexposure to this product may cause dermatitis

(dry, red skin). Symptoms may include tingling, redness, and visible injury.

Conditions aggravated by over- Preexisting dermatitis, other skin conditions, and respiratory conditions may be

exposure aggravated by exposures to this product.

Recommendations to physicians: Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.

Irritation YES This product can be irritating to contaminated tissue.

Sensitization NO

Carcinogenicity NTP IARC US OSHA CAL OSHA 67/548 EEC Annex 1

NO NO NO NO NO NO

Mutagenicity NO

Reproductive toxicity NO Biological Exposure Index N/A

Other potential health effects
Currently, there are no Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) for any component of this

product.

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

12.1	Ecotoxicity	LC_{50} , mg/L	EC_{50} , mg/L
Vitec®	3000 NSF		
	Aquatic	LC50 (Mysidopsis bahai) > 1000 mg/L 7 days	EC_{50} (Daphnia magna) 48 hours = >1000
		LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss: Rainbow Trout), 96 hours, >1000 mg/L	mg/L NOEC (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 48 hours = 1000 mg/L
	Terrestrial	N/A	N/A
	Aquatic	Acute Hazard Level: Lethal pH (goldfish) = 10.9 Lethal pH (bluegill) = 10.5 LC $_{100}$ (Cyprimus carpio) 24 hours = 180 ppm/ $_{25}\Box C$ TL $_{m}$ (mosquito fish) 96 hours = 125 ppm/ fresh water TL $_{m}$ (bluegill) 48 hours = 99 mg/L/ tap water	N/A
	Terrestrial	N/A	N/A
12.2	Persistence and Degradability	The components of this product decompose	e in soil and water.
12.3	Bioaccumulative Potential	The components of this product are not exp	pected to bioaccumulate.
12.4	Mobility in Soil	Moderately mobile.	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

aquatic environment.

Preparing Wastes of this Product for	Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate U.S. Federal, State, and local
Disposal	regulations or with local regulations. This product, if unaltered by the handling, may
	be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local waste
	regulatory authority.
Disposal of Contaminated Packaging	Cleaned containers can be recycled or disposed of as non-contaminated waste, if

authorized by your local authorities. Dispose of containers as required by local

This product may be harmful to aquatic life if large volumes of it are released into an

regulations.

U.S. EPA Waste Number Not applicable.

Other Adverse Ecological Effects

12.5

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

THIS MATERIAL IS NOT HAZARDOUS AS DEFINED BY 49 CFR 172.101 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

14.1	UN Number	Not applicable
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name	Not applicable
14.3	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Not applicable
	Transport label(s) required	Not applicable
14.4	Packing Group	Not applicable
14.5	Marine Pollutant	Not applicable
	NA Emergency Response Guide	Not applicable
	Number (2016)	
14.6	Transport in Bulk (Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code)	Not applicable

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International Air Transport Association

UN Number Not applicable **UN Proper Shipping Name** Not applicable Transport Hazard Class(es) Not applicable Transport label(s) required Not applicable **Packing Group** Not applicable IATA Emergency Response Code Not applicable **Excepted Quantity** Not applicable **Packaging Instructions** Not applicable

International Maritime Organization

UN Number Not applicable
UN Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Transport Hazard Class(es) Not applicable
Transport label(s) required Not applicable
Packing Group Not applicable
Marine Pollutant Not applicable
NA Emergency Response Guide Not applicable

Number (2016)

Transport in Bulk (Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code)

15. SAFETY, HEALTH and ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

SPECIFIC FOR THE PRODUCT				
PROGRAM	Deflocculant & Sequestrant	Chelate Agent		
US EPA PROGRAMS				
Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants	NO	NO		
Safe Drinking Water Act	NO	NO		
RCRA F, K, P, U or D-lists	NO	NO		
SARA 302 RQ	NO	NO		
SARA 302 TPQ	NO	NO		
SARA 313 LISTED	NO	NO		
SARA CHEMICAL CATEG	GORIES	•		
SARA 311/312 ACUTE	YES	YES		
SARA 311/312 CHRONIC	NO	NO		
SARA 311/312 FIRE	NO	NO		
SARA 311/312 PRESSURE	NO	NO		
SARA 311/312 REACTIVITY	NO	NO		
EPA EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	NO	NO		
CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (Proposition 65)				
(Proposition 65)	n any chemical listed on the California Sat	fe Drinking Water Act list		
US OSHA PROGRAMS				
PEL	NO	NO		

Not applicable

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PSM	NO	NO		
CHEMICAL SECURITY	PROGRAMS			
DHS CFATS	NO	NO		
CHEMICAL WEAPONS				
	NO	NO		
US DRUG ENFORCEME	NT ADMINISTRATION			
DEA Controlled	NO	NO		
Substances	NO	NO		
CHEMICAL INVENTOR	Y PROGRAMS			
WHMIS	NO	NO		
DSL	YES	YES		
REACH Pre-registered	YES	YES		
List	1 ES	I ES		
TSCA	YES	YES		
TSCA Reset Rule All ingredients in this product comply with the U.S. EPA TSCA				
	Inventory Notification Requirements Rule (40 CFR 710 Subpart B.)			
European Inventory of				
Existing Commercial	YES	YES		
Chemical Substances	125			
(EINECS)				
EU No-Longer Polymers	NO	NO		
List (NLP)				
EEC Classification				
Packaging, and Labeling	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category	Skin corrosion/irritation,		
of Dangerous		Category 2		
Substances(Annex 1)	YES	YES		
Philippines	YES	YES		
Japan Australia	YES	YES		
Korea	YES	YES		
China	NO	NO NO		
New Zealand Inventory	INU INU	NO		
of Chemicals	YES	YES		
of Chemicals				

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Original Preparation	14 Nov 2005; update 11 April 2011
Revision History	13 March 2013 Reformatted to GHS Requirements; 16 July13 added
	aquatic toxicity data for product; 2 August 2016 format update; 12
	January 2018 proprietary information format update; 9 April 2018
	Section 12 addition; 15 Oct 2018, TSCA Reset Rule update.
Prepared by	ADVANCED CHEMICAL SAFETY, Inc.
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Date of Printing	December 19, 2018
	Revision History Prepared by

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DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

16.5	A large number of abbr	eviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these which are commonly used include the following:
	Section 2	GHS: Global Harmonization System
		OSHA: U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
		CLP: Classification and Packaging
		WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
	0 . 0	STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
	Section 3	CAS #: Chemical Abstract Service index number
	Castion 5	EINECS #: European Chemical Substances Information System index number
	Section 5	NFPA: Nation Fire Protection Association Health Hazard: 0 (material that on exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible
		materials); 1 (materials that on exposure under fire conditions could cause irritation or minor residual injury); 2 (materials that
		on intense or continued exposure under fire conditions could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury); 3
		(materials that can on short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury); 4 (materials that under very short
		exposure could cause death or major residual injury). Flammability Hazard
		Reactivity Hazard: Refer to definitions for "Hazardous Materials Identification System".
		Flash Point: Minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air.
		Autoignition Temperature: The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition.
		LEL: The lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. UEL :
	Section 8	The highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association which establishes exposure
	Section 6	limits.
		TLV - Threshold Limit Value - an airborne concentration of a substance which represents conditions under which it is generally
		believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including
		the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit, and the instantaneous Ceiling Level
		(C). Skin absorption effects must also be considered
		PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit - This exposure value means exactly the same as a TLV, except that it is enforceable by
		OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June, 1993 Air Contaminants Rule
		(Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase,
		"Vacated 1989 PEL," is placed next to the PEL which was vacated by Court Order.
		IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health - This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury. The DFG - MAK is the Republic of Germany's
		Maximum Exposure Level, similar to the U.S. PEL. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which
		is the research arm of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines
		called Recommended Exposure Levels (RELs). When no exposure guidelines are established, an entry of NE (Not
		Established) is made for reference.
	Section 11	LD ₅₀ : Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals;
	Section 11	LC ₅₀ : Lethal Concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals;
		ppm: Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water;
		mg/m³: Concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air;
		mg/kg: Quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg
		IARC - the International Agency for Research on Cancer;
		NTP - the National Toxicology Program,
		RTECS - the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances,
		OSHA and CAL/OSHA. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Subrankings
		(2A, 2B, etc.) are also used.
		TDLo, the lowest dose to cause a symptom and
		TCLo the lowest concentration to cause a symptom;
		TDo, LDLo, and LDo, or TC, TCo, LCLo, and LCo, the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects.
		BEI - Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens
		collected from a healthy worker who has been exposed to chemicals to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure
	G .: 10	to the TLV.
	Section 12	LC ₅₀ : The lowest concentration in water which kills 50% of the test subjects.
	Section 13	EC ₅₀ : The Effect Concentration in water at which 50% of the test species if affected. US EPA Hazardous Waste Codes: refer to 40 CFR 261.20
	Section 13 Section 14	DOT: US Department of Transportation
	Section 14	IATA: International Air Transport Association
		IMO: International Maritime Organization
		MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978
		IBC Code : Merchant Shipping Code
	Section 15	RCRA: US Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
		SARA: US Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
		PSM: US OSHA Process Safety Management
		CFATS: US Department of Homeland Security Chemical Facility Anti-terrorism Standard
		DSL: Canadian Domestic Substances List
		NDSL: Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List PEACH: European Projection Evaluation Authorization and Protein of Chamicals list
		REACH: European Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals list TSCA: US Toxic Substances Control Act
	Í	10-21. OD TOAK DUDSKINGS CONTOLACT

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