

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Issue Date: 08	8-May-2012	Revision Date:	07-May-2021	Version 1
1. Identifica	ation			
Product identit Product Name		Sodium Hydroxide 1	0% Diaphragm	
<u>Other means o</u> Product Code: Synonyms: UN/ID No:	of identification	32437 Caustic soda, lye, sc UN1824	oda lye, sodium hydrate.	
Recommended Recommended Restrictions of			<u>use</u> iring or Laboratory use.	
<u>Details of the s</u> Manufacturer:	supplier of the safety	<u>data sheet</u> Hawkins, Inc.		
		2381 Rosegate Roseville, MN 55113 (612) 331-6910	3	
<u>Emergency tel</u> Emergency Te	ephone number lephone:	CHEMTREC: 1-800-	424-9300 (US) / +1 703	-741-5970 (International)
2. Hazard(s	s) identification			

<u>Classification</u> This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Corrosive to metals	Category 1

# Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Label elements	
Signal word:	

Danger

#### Hazard statements:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May be corrosive to metals



**Precautionary Statements - Prevention:** Do not breathe dusts or mists

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Keep only in original container

# Precautionary Statements - Response:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage:**

Store locked up Store in corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Unknown Acute toxicity: Not applicable

Other Information

Not applicable

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# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	9-11
Water	7732-18-5	Balance

Any concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation or the exact percentage has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
<u>Description of first aid measures</u> General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 60 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Skin contact	Get immediate medical advice/attention. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Do not use soap or attempt to neutralize the caustic soda with chemicals. May not cause immediate pain when in contact with skin but it does cause immediate damage. Discard contaminated leather goods.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Self-protection of the first aider	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and eff	ects, both acute and delayed_
Symptoms	Redness. Burning. May cause blindness. Coughing and/ or wheezing.
Indication of any immediate media	cal attention and special treatment needed
Note to physicians	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.
	Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give

 chemical antidotes.
 Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur.
 Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure.

 5. Fire-fighting measures
 Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Adding water to caustic solution generates large amounts of

	heat.	0	0	5
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray v	vhen fighting fire may be i	nefficient.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material w	ith high pressure water st	reams.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	The product causes burns of ey can lead to release of irritating g may cause splattering and relea combustible materials. Reacts w with metals may evolve flammal enter drains or water courses. R	ases and vapors. Mixing se of heat. Heat released vith ammonium salts to ma ble hydrogen gas. Do not	with water, ac may be suffic ake flammable allow run-off f	id, or incompatibles ient to ignite ammonia. Contact
Hazardous combustion products	Sodium oxides.			
Explosion Data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.			

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Corrosive material. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Other information	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
Methods and material for contain	ment and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways.
Methods for cleaning up	Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Neutralize with weak acid (if necessary). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

# 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to the product. Mixing concentrated solutions with water, acid, or incompatibles may cause splattering and release of heat. Heat released may be sufficient to ignite combustible materials. Lethal concentrations of carbon monoxide gas may form upon contact with reducing sugars, food, and beverage products in enclosed spaces. Reacts with ammonium salts to make flammable ammonia. Contact with most metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.
Conditions for safe storage, includir	
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture. Store locked up. Keep at temperatures between 65 and 95 °F.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidizing agent. Acids. Bases. Water. Organic material. Reducing sugars. Metals. (Aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper, lead, tin and their alloys).
Packaging materials	Steel, nickel, nickel alloys, polyethylene, PVC and CPVC.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters Exposure Limits

The following ingredients are the only ingredients of the product above the cut-off level (or level that contributes to the hazard classification of the mixture) which have an exposure limit applicable in the region for which this safety data sheet is intended or other recommended limit. At this time, the other relevant constituents have no known exposure limits from the sources listed here.

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Sodium Hydroxide	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1310-73-2		(vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Exposure Guidelines

Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir., 1992).

#### Appropriate engineering controls Engineering controls

Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, suc	<u>ch as personal protective equipment</u> Face protection shield. Tight sealing safety goggles.
Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.
Respiratory protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
Environmental exposure controls	Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water.
General hygiene considerations	Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State:	Liquid	
Appearance:	Clear	
Color:	Colorless	
Odor:	Odorless	
Odor Threshold:	No information available	
pH:	No information available	
Salt Out Point:	No information available	
Melting Point/Freezing Point:	-11 °C / 12 °F	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	No information available	
Flash Point:	No information available	
Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):	No information available	
Flammability (solid, gas):	No information available	
Flammability Limits in Air:	No information available	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):	No information available	
Vapor density (Air =1):	No information available	
Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O=1):	1.1100	
Water Solubility:	Completely miscible	
Solubility(ies):	No information available	
Partition Coefficient	No information available	
(n-octanol/water):		
Autoignition Temperature:	No information available	
Decomposition Temperature:	No information available	
Kinematic Viscosity:	No information available	
Dynamic Viscosity:	No information available	
Other information		
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidizing properties	No information available	
Molecular Weight:	40.00	

Reactivity	Concentrated solutions react violently with water, generating considerable heat. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Mixing with water, acid, or incompatibles may cause splattering and release of heat. Heat released may be sufficient to ignite combustible materials. Contact with most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas. Reacts with ammonium salts to make ammonia, which is a fire hazard.
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidizing agent. Acids. Bases. Water. Organic material. Reducing sugars. Metals. (Aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper, lead, tin and their alloys).

Hazardous decomposition products Sodium oxides.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information Inhalation

Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Corrosive by inhalation. (based on components). Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Inhaled corrosive substances can lead to a toxic edema of the lungs.

	Pulmonary edema can be fatal.
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes burns. (based on components). Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.
Skin contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes burns. (based on components). Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tracts. May cause severe burning pain in the mouth and stomach with vomiting and diarrhea of dark blood. Blood pressure may decrease. Brownish or yellowish stains may be seen around the mouth. Swelling of the throat may cause shortness of breath and choking. May cause lung damage if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristicsSymptomsRedness. Burning. May cause blindness. Coughing and/ or wheezing.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute Toxicity:

# The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	2,954.50 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	12,272.70 mg/kg

# **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50 :	Dermal LD50 :	LC50 (Lethal Concentration):
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Water 7732-18-5	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes severe burns.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.		
Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.		
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.		
STOT - single exposure	No information available.		
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.		
Aspiration hazard	No information available.		
Other Adverse Effects:	No information available.		
12 Ecological information			

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Chemical name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to	Toxicity to daphnia and		
	, , ,	,	microorganisms	other aquatic		
			moroorgamomo	invertebrates		
				Invertebrates		
Sodium Hydroxide	-	45.4 mg/L (LC50 96 h	-	-		
1310-73-2		static - Oncorhynchus				
		mykiss)				
		,		I]		
	Ne information	e e constante la				
Persistence and Degrada	ability: No informati	on available.				
Bioaccumulation:	There is no	There is no data for this product.				
		·				
Mahilitu	No informati	No information available.				
Mobility:	NO INO INO INO					
Other Adverse Effects:	No informati	No information available.				
12 Dianagal gangi	idarationa					
13. Disposal considerations						
Waste treatment method	s					
Waste from residues/uni	<u> </u>	a accordance with local sta	to and national regulation	Disposo of wasto in		
		Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and national regulations. Dispose of waste in				
products accordance with environmental legislation.						

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse empty containers.

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN/ID No	UN1824
Proper shipping name	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
Description	UN1824, SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, 8, PG II



# 15. Regulatory information

# International Inventories

Chemical name	TSCA	AICS	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Present ACTIVE	Present	Present	-	Present	-	Present	Present	Present	Present
Water 7732-18-5	Present ACTIVE	Present	Present	-	Present	-	Present	Present	Present	Present

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

# US Federal Regulations

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Under the amended regulations at 40 CFR 370, EPCRA 311/312 Tier II reporting for the 2017 and later calendar years will need to be consistent with updated hazard classifications.

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQ
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	1000 lb	-	

# Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous
	Quantities			Substances
Sodium Hydroxide	1000 lb	-	-	Х
1310-73-2				

### **OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

This product does not contain any substances regulated under Process Safety Management (29 CFR 1910.119).

#### Department of Homeland Security - Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS)

This product does not contain any substances regulated under the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (6 CFR 27).

# 16. Other information

Prepared By:	HSE Department
Issue Date:	08-May-2012
Revision Date:	07-May-2021
Revision Note:	Format change. Reviewed and Re-issued.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

### **End of Safety Data Sheet**