SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Long Range Indicator

Product code R-1003U

Recommended useUse as directed by manufacturer for purposes directly related to water testing.

Recommended restrictions None known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Address Anderson Chemical Company
325 South Davis Avenue
Litchfield. MN 55355

United States

Telephone (320) 639-2477 Monday–Friday, 8:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m.

Website www.accomn.com
E-mail Imt@accomn.com
Emergency phone number (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsCarcinogenicityCategory 1B

Eye damage/irritation Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Not currently regulated by OSHA; refer to section 12 of the SDS for additional information.

Environmental hazards

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause cancer. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected

of causing genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames.-No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground or bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precauthionary measures

against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a physician or poison control center if you feel unwell.

IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: Get medical advice/attention.

IN CASE OF FIRE: Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog,

water spray to extinguish. Sand or earth can be used for small fires only.

Material name: Long Range Indicator; R-1003U

Storage Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified None
Supplemental information None

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Ingestion

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Deionized water	Dihydrogen oxide	7732-18-5	20-30
Isopropanol	Dimethyl carbinol; 2-Propanol; Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	70–80
Phenolphthalein	3,3-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalide	77-09-8	0.01-0.1

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Immediately take off all

contaminated clothing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns

must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do NOT induce vomiting unless

directed by physician. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild transient irritation. Symptoms may include redness,

edema, drying, and cracking of the skin.

Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be harmful to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing and breathing difficulties. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, and other central nervous system problems.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, as well as depression

of the central nervous system.

Possible germ cell hazard. May cause heritable genetic damage, based on animal data.

Possible cancer hazard. May cause cancer, based on animal data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

This product is a CNS depressant.

General information Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect

themselves.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Water fog. Sand or earth may be

used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can be

electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. During

fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighting equipment/instructions

Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Evacuate the area promptly. Fight fire from upwind to avoid exposure to combustion products. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Do not get

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

water inside container. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Prevent fireextinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor. This material may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment). Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides. Other irritating fumes and smoke.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during cleanup. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the contaminated area. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material where this is possible. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth, and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for reuse. For waste disposal, refer to section 13 of the SDS. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, watercourses, or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Do not handle, store, or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS. Keep away from incompatibles. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Label containers appropriately.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m ³ 400 ppm	Not applicable Not applicable	

U.S.	ACGIH	Threshold	I imit	Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	Not applicable
	TWA	200 ppm	Not applicable
U.S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m ³	Not applicable
		500 ppm	Not applicable
	TWA	980 mg/m ³	Not applicable
		400 ppm	Not applicable

Biological limit values

U.S. ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/L	Acetone	Urine	Not available
ppropriate engineering	Good general	ventilation (typically 10 air	changes per hour)	should be used. Ventilation rates

Ap controls

should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

> Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Provide an emergency

eyewash fountain and quick-drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves. Advice should be sought from glove suppliers.

Other Wear appropriate chemical-resistant clothing.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH approved Respiratory protection

respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fumes at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Advice should be sought from respiratory protection suppliers.

Thermal hazards When necessary, wear appropriate thermal protective clothing.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material General hygiene considerations

and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contamination.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid Form Liquid Color Dark green Odor Alcohol Odor threshold Odorless Not available pН Melting point/freezing point Not available Initial boiling point and boiling 190°F (87.8°C) range **Evaporation rate** Not available

Flash point 66°F (18.9°C) Open cup

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Flammability limit, Not applicable

lower (%)

Flammability limit,

upper (%)

Not applicable

Explosive limit,

lower (%)

3.3%

Explosive limit,

18.9%

upper (%)

Vapor pressure 33 mm Hg

Vapor density

Relative density 0.97 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble in all proportions

Partition coefficient

Not available

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available **Decomposition temperature** Not available **Viscosity** Not available

Other information

Explosive properties Not applicable Oxidizing properties Not applicable

Percent volatile 99% Specific gravity 0.97

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity This product is stable and nonreactive under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use

Conditions to avoid Heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. Temperatures exceeding the flash point.

Direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not use in areas without adequate

ventilation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

None known. For hazardous combustion products, refer to section 5 of the SDS.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin contact May cause slight or mild transient irritation

Eye contact May cause severe irritation

Ingestion May cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild transient irritation. Symptoms may include redness,

edema, drying, and cracking of the skin.

Combustible materials. Reducing agents.

Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be harmful to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing and breathing difficulties. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Symptoms may include pain,

headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, and other central nervous system problems. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, as well as depression

of the central nervous system.

Possible germ cell hazard. May cause heritable genetic damage, based on animal data.

Possible cancer hazard. May cause cancer, based on animal data.

This product is not classified as an acute toxicity hazard. See below for individual ingredient Acute toxicity

acute toxicity data.

Components Species Test Results

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Acute

Dermal

 LD_{50} Rabbit 12890 mg/kg

Inhalation

 LC_{50} Rat 17000 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)

Oral

LD₅₀ Rat 4720 mg/kg

Deionized water (CAS 7732-18-5)

Acute

Dermal

LD₅₀ Rabbit Not available

Inhalation

LC₅₀ Rat Not available

Oral

 LD_{50} Rat >89840 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation May cause slight or mild transient irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

May cause severe irritation

Respiratory sensitizationNot expected to be a respiratory sensitizer **Skin sensitization**Not expected to be a skin sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Phenolphthalein 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

(CAS 77-09-8)

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Phenolphthalein Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

(CAS 77-09-8)

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity,

single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity,

repeated exposure

Not classified as a specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

Aspiration toxicity Not expected to be an aspiration hazard

Chronic effects Frequent or prolonged contact may dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Frequent or

prolonged inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause chronic lung conditions such as bronchitis.

Frequent or prolonged overexposure may affect the kidneys.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life

Components Species Test Results

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) - Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea

EC₅₀ Water flea (*Daphnia magna*) 1400 mg/L, 48 hours LC₅₀ Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) 9640 mg/L, 96 hours

Chronic Crustacea

NOEC

Water flea (Daphnia magna) 30 mg/L, 21 days

Persistence and degradability Not available Bioaccumulative potential Not available Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

> Isopropanol 0.05

(CAS 67-63-0)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Isopropanol

(CAS 67-63-0)

Mobility in soil Not available

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose of in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion with the user, the producer, and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues/unused

products

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container

must be disposed of in a safe manner (refer to Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste-handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container

is emptied.

14. Transportation information

DOT

UN1219 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Isopropanol solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk Not listed Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging, non-bulk 202 Packaging, bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1219

UN proper shipping name Isopropanol solution

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk Not listed Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No

ERG code Special precautions for user

Other information

Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed

IMDG

UN number UN1219

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Isopropanol solution

Class

3

Subsidiary risk Not listed Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No EmS F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG

15. Regulatory information

U.S. federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory list.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Not regulated

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate hazard – yes

Delayed hazard – yes Fire hazard – yes Pressure hazard – no Reactivity hazard – no

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Not regulated

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Not regulated

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by weight	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	70–80	
Phenolphthalein	77-09-8	0.01–0.1	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated

U.S. state regulations

California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not regulated

Massachusetts Right-to-Know Act

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Phenolphthalein (CAS 77-09-8)

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Rhode Island Right-to-Know Act

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Phenolphthalein (CAS 77-09-8)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

U.S. - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Phenolphthalein Listed: May 15, 1998

(CAS 77-09-8)

International inventories

Country(ies) or region		Inventory name	
			(yes/no)*
	Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	yes
	Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	yes
	Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	no
	China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC)	yes
	Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	yes
	Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	no
	Japan	Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	no
	Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	yes
	New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	yes
	Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	yes
	United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	yes

^{*}A "yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(ies).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

List of abbreviations

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAA: Clean Air Act

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations CSA: Canadian Standards Association DEA: Drug Enforcement Agency DOT: Department of Transportation

A "no" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(ies).

DSL: Domestic Substances List EC: effective concentration ECL: Existing Chemicals List

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

HAP: hazardous air pollutants

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

HNOC: hazards not otherwise classified

HPA: Hazardous Products Act

HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC: lethal concentration

LD: lethal dose

MARPOL: marine pollution

MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC: no observable effect concentration

NTP: National Toxicology Program

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OEL: occupational exposure limits

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL: permissible exposure limits

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

PPE: personal protective equipment

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery

Act RQ: reportable quantity

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

RTK: right to know

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS: Safety Data Sheet SDWA: Safe Drinking Water Act STEL: short-term exposure limit TLV: threshold limit values

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA: time-weighted average VOC: volatile organic compounds WEL: workplace exposure limit

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